

## VIDHVATH ACADEMY FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMS

+91 99722 58970, +91 97407 02455

# SUBJECT WISE TEST: VPT025 CONSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed: 120 mins Maximum Marks: 200

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TURN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. Do NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 100 items (Questions). Each item is printed in English. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response with you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- **5.** You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See direction in the answers sheet.
- **6.** All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses marked by you in the answer sheet. For every incorrect response 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the allotted marks will be deducted.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer sheet the response to various items in the Test booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the answer sheets as per instruction sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- 8. After you have completed filling in all responses on the answer sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to Invigilator only the answer sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- **9.** Sheet for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

- 1. With reference to Chief Election Commissioner, consider the following statements:
  - 1. The appointment of the Chief Election Commissioner and other election commissioners shall be made by the President.
  - 2. Chief Election Commissioner and the two other election commissioners have equal powers and receive equal salaries, allowances, and other perquisites.
  - 3. The Chief Election Commissioner holds his office till the pleasure of the president.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 2. Consider the following statements with reference to the National Commission for Protection Of Child Rights (NCPCR):
  - 1. It is a statutory body under the administrative control of the Ministry of Women & Child Development.
  - 2. It inquires into violation of child rights and takes suo-motu notice of matters relating to deprivation and violation of child rights.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 3. Consider the following statements regarding the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC):
  - 1. Its establishment was recommended by the Rajamannar commission for the prevention of corruption.
  - 2. Vigilance Commissioners are not eligible for further employment under the Central or state government.

3. The salary, allowances, and other conditions of service of the Central Vigilance Commissioner are similar to those of the Chief Election Commissioner.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only
- **4.** With reference to the principle of 'collective responsibility' in India, consider the following statements:
  - 1. It is a judicial innovation and not mentioned explicitly under the constitutional provisions.
  - 2. It means that the Council of Ministers shall be collectively responsible to the Parliament.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **5.** Recently the Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) was in the news. FSSAI falls under which of the following ministries?
  - (a) Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
  - (b) Ministry of Food Processing Industries
  - (c) Ministry of Commerce and Industry
  - (d) It is an independent body and not part of any ministry
- **6.** With reference to Advocate General for the states, consider the following statements:
  - 1. The term of office of the advocate general is fixed by the Constitution.
  - 2. He holds office at the pleasure of the governor of a state.
  - 3. He enjoys all the privileges and immunities that are available to a member of the state legislature.

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Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 7. Which of the following languages are mentioned in the eighth schedule of the Constitution of India?
  - 1. Bodo
  - 2. English
  - 3. Nepali
  - 4. Urdu
  - 5. Santhali

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 3, 4 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 5 only
- **8.** In the context of the basic philosophy of the constitution, which of the following is/are the functions of a constitution?
  - 1. It provides a set of basic rules that allow for coordination among members of society.
  - 2. It specifies who has powers to make decisions in a society.
  - 3. It sets limits on what a government can impose on its citizens.

Select the correct answer using code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 9. 'The claims of the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes shall be taken into consideration, consistently with the maintenance of efficiency of administration, in the making of appointments to services and posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or a State'. This provision was provided in the Indian Constitution under:

- (a) Part IV
- (b) Part III
- (c) Part XVI
- (d) Part XVII
- **10.** Which of the following are the features of fundamental rights?
  - 1. They strike a balance between individual liberty and social control.

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- 2. There are some fundamental rights that are available against the arbitrary action of private individuals.
- 3. There are some fundamental rights that are available only to the citizens.
- 4. All the fundamental rights are self executor.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 11. Consider the following pairs: Schedule Provisions
  - 1. 4th Schedule: Allocation of seats in the Rajya Sabha to the states and the Union Territories
  - 2. 6th Schedule: Provisions relating to the administration and control of Scheduled Areas
  - 3. 10th Schedule: Provisions relating to disqualification of the members of the Parliament

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **12.** Which one of the following recommendations of the Swaran Singh Committee is incorporated in the Constitution under Fundamental duties?
  - (a) Empower Parliament to impose penalty or punishment for the non-

- compliance with any of the fundamental duties.
- (b) Duty to defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so.
- (c) Duty to pay taxes should be a Fundamental duty of the citizens.
- (d) No law imposing penalty or punishment for the non-compliance with any of the fundamental duties shall be called in question in any court.
- **13.** In the context of historical underpinnings of the Indian constitution, which of the following Acts introduced ordinances for the first time?
  - (a) Indian Councils Act of 1892
  - (b) Indian Councils Act of 1861
  - (c) Government of India Act of 1919
  - (d) Government of India Act of 1909
- 14. The directive principles of State policy laid down in Part IV of the Constitution cannot in any way override or abridge the fundamental rights guaranteed by Part III. On the other hand, they have to conform to and run as subsidiaries to the fundamental rights laid down in Part III. But, the Fundamental Rights could be amended by the Parliament by enacting constitutional amendment acts. In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court hold this opinion?
  - (a) Champakam Dorairajan case (1951)
  - (b) Golaknath case (1967)
  - (c) Keshavananda Bharti case (1973)
  - (d) Minerva Mills case (1980)
- **15.** With reference to the seventh schedule of the Indian constitution, consider the following pairs:

Subject List

- 1. Banking: Concurrent
- 2. Agriculture: State
- 3. Trade Unions: Union

How many pairs given above are correctly matched?

(a) None of the pairs

- (b) Only one pair
- (c) Only two pairs
- (d) All three pairs
- 16. In which of the following judgments, Supreme Court held that the harmony and balance between Fundamental rights and Directive principles of State policy is part of basic structure?
  - (a) Bhim Singhji Case
  - (b) Indira Sawhney Case
  - (c) Minerva Mills case
  - (d) Kihoto Hollohon Case
- 17. Consider the following statements with respect to freedom from taxation for the promotion of a religion:
  - 1. State should not spend the money collected by way of tax for the promotion of any particular religion.
  - 2. This provision prohibits the levy of a tax and fee to control the secular administration of religious institutions.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **18.** Which of the following statements is/are correct with regard to the consequences of the proclamation of a Financial Emergency?
  - 1. Centre acquires full control over the states in financial matters.
  - 2. President may reserve all money bills or other financial bills for consideration after they are passed by the legislature of the state.
  - 3. President may issue directions for the reduction of salaries and allowances of the judges of the Supreme Court and the high court.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only

- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **19.** Which of the following has the power to admit a new state into the Union of India?
  - (a) Parliament
  - (b) President
  - (c) Union Government
  - (d) Supreme Court
- **20.** Which of the following provisions of the constitution ensure political equality?
  - 1. Elections based on adult suffrage.
  - 2. Abolition of titles.
  - 3. No ineligibility for inclusion in electoral rolls on grounds of religion, race, caste, or sex.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 3 only
- **21.** Consider the following statements regarding the amendment procedure of the constitution of India:
  - 1. A constitutional amendment bill cannot be introduced by the nominated members of the Lok sabha.
  - 2. A constitutional amendment bill that seeks to amend the federal provisions of the Constitution must be ratified by the Legislatures of half of the States by a special majority.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **22.** Consider the following statements with respect to the Right to Equality:
  - 1. Equality before the law is a positive concept which means the absence of any special privileges in favour of any person.

2. Where equals and unequals are treated differently, Article 14 does not apply.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **23.** Which of the following are the unitary features of Indian Constitution?
  - 1. Single constitution
  - 2. Emergency Provisions
  - 3. All-India Services
  - 4. Integrated Election Machinery
  - 5. Appointment of Governor

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 2, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- **24.** Which one of the following rights abolished untouchability and prohibits its practice as a fundamental right?
  - (a) Right to constitutional remedies
  - (b) Right to equality
  - (c) Right to freedom
  - (d) Right against exploitation
- **25.** Consider the following statements regarding the State Human Rights Commission (SHRC):
  - 1. The commission has no power to punish the violators of human rights, nor to award any relief including monetary relief to the victim.
  - 2. The commission submits its annual or special reports to the governor of the state.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- **26.** Which one of the following is the best description of 'Tidal Disruption Event', that was seen in the news recently?
  - (a) It is a lapse in time interval between two diurnal tides.
  - (b) It is a reversal in magnetism of Earth.
  - (c) It is a gravity anomaly on surface of moon.
  - (d) It is a destruction of a star by a black hole
- **27.** Articles 358 and 359 of the Indian Constitution deal with which of the following situations?
  - (a) Proclamation of National Emergency under Article 352
  - (b) Financial emergency under Article 360
  - (c) President's rule under Article 356
  - (d) President's rule under Article 365
- 28. Consider the following statements:
  - 1. In the USA, a citizen by birth, as well as a naturalized citizen, is eligible for the office of President.
  - 2. In India, only a citizen by birth and not a naturalized citizen is eligible for the office of President.

Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **29.** In the context of the Indian Constitution, consider the following statements regarding fundamental duties:
  - 1. Fundamental Duties are confined to Indian citizens only.
  - 2. Constitution does not provide any legal sanctions against their violation.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- **30.** Which of the following are the Fundamental Duties under part IVA of the Constitution of India?
  - 1. To develop the spirit of inquiry and reform.
  - 2. To respect the National Flag and the National Anthem.
  - 3. To strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity.
  - 4. To cast a vote.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 4 only
- (d) 2 and 4 only
- **31.** Consider the following statements:
  - 1. The proclamation of national emergency must be approved by both Houses of Parliament within two months from the date of its issue.
  - 2. If approved by both houses of Parliament, the emergency continues for six months and can be extended to an indefinite period with the approval of the Parliament every six months.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **32.** In the context of evolution of constitution of India, which of the following are part of the basic structure of the constitution?
  - 1. Republic and democratic form of government
  - 2. Presidential form of government
  - 3. Secular character of the constitution
  - 4. Separation of powers

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

**33.** Consider the following pairs:

Feature -Borrowed from

- 1. Directive principles : Irish Constitution
- 2. Fundamental rights : French Constitution
- 3. Joint sitting of two houses of parliament: Australian Constitution

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **34.** Which of the following Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSPs) were not added by the 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1976?
  - 1. To provide early childhood care and education for all children until they complete the age of six years.
  - 2. To take steps to secure the participation of workers in the management of industries.
  - 3. To minimize inequalities in income, status, facilities, and opportunities.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **35.** Consider the following statements regarding the Government of India Act of 1935:
  - 1. It provided for the establishment of an All-India Federation consisting of provinces and princely states as units.
  - 2. It introduced bicameralism in all the provinces.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- **36.** With reference to 'constitutional torts' in India, consider the following statements:
  - 1. In India, there is no legislation, which governs the liability of the State for the torts committed by its servants.
  - 2. A court of law can award monetary compensation to the victim in such cases.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **37.** In the context of various political systems prevailing in the world, which of the following are the characteristics of a democracy?
  - 1. In a democracy, the final decisionmaking power must rest with those elected by the people.
  - 2. The ruling party in power must have a fair chance of losing in an election.
  - 3. Each adult citizen must have one vote and each vote must have one value.
  - 4. The Government is not limited by laws or regulations.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 3 and 4 only
- **38.** Consider the following provisions under the Directive Principles of State Policy as enshrined in the Indian Constitution:
  - 1. Securing opportunities for the healthy development of children
  - 2. Organising agriculture on modern and scientific lines
  - 3. Prohibition of slaughter of cows
  - 4. Promotion of Cooperative societies

Which of the directive principles given above are based on Liberal-Intellectual Principles?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only

- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 4 only
- **39.** India was a pioneer when it comes to giving voting rights to the people. In this context, which of the following countries gave universal adult franchises after India?
  - 1. United States of America
  - 2. Japan
  - 3. France

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **40.** Consider the following statements with respect to Constituent Assembly:
  - 1. Whenever the Constituent Assembly met as the legislative body, it was chaired by Dr. Rajendra Prasad.
  - 2. The Constituent Assembly adopted the national anthem and the national song in 1947.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **41.** Consider the following statements regarding National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (NCST):
  - 1. The conditions of service and tenure of office of members of the commission are determined by the Parliament.
  - 2. The original constitution did not provide for a separate National Commission for Scheduled Tribes.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- **42.** Which of the following rights are a part of the Right to Protection of Life and Personal Liberty?
  - 1. Right not to be driven out of a state
  - 2. Right to travel abroad
  - 3. Freedom of silence
  - 4. Right to the road in hilly areas

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 3 and 4 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **43.** Which one of the following statements is correct about the Right to Education?
  - (a) It was added after the passage of the Right to Education (RTE) act.
  - (b) There was no provision in the constitution for free and compulsory education for children before the 86th amendment.
  - (c) It includes that the state shall endeavour to provide education for all children until they complete the age of six years.
  - (d) This provision makes only elementary education and not higher education a fundamental right.
- **44.** With reference to the proclamation of national emergency under Article 352 imposed till now, consider the following statements:
  - 1. So far, a national emergency has been proclaimed two times.
  - 2. The first proclamation of national emergency was issued in October 1962 on account of Chinese aggression in the NEFA (North-East Frontier Agency)
  - 3. The second proclamation of national emergency was made in 1975.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only

- **45.** Consider the following statements with respect to terms contained in the Preamble:
  - 1. The term republic has been taken from German Constitution.
  - 2. The ideals of justice in the preamble have been adopted from Soviet Constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **46.** Which of the following bodies/institutions is/are audited totally and directly by the CAG?
  - 1. Reserve Bank of India
  - 2. Oil and Natural Gas Commission
  - 3. Life Insurance Corporation of India
  - 4. State Bank of India

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 3 and 4 only
- **47.** Under the Constitution of India, which of the following rights and privileges are conferred on the citizens of India and denied to aliens?
  - 1. Right against discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex, or place of birth
  - 2. Right to freedom of speech and expression, assembly, association, movement, residence, and profession
  - 3. Right to serve as a judge in the higher judiciary
  - 4. Right to contest for membership of the Parliament and the state legislature

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

- 48. On a particular day, 150 members are present in Rajya Sabha at the time of voting. In this scenario, a constitutional amendment bill, under Article 368 of the constitution
  - (a) can be passed with the support of only 75 members.
  - (b) cannot be passed with the given strength of members present for voting.
  - (c) can be passed with a support from minimum 100 members.
  - (d) cannot be passed without support of atleast 123 members.
- **49.** In the context Constituent Assembly of India, consider the following pairs: Committee Chairman
  - 1. Union Powers Committee : Jawaharlal Nehru
  - 2. Steering Committee: Sardar Patel
  - 3. Provincial Constitution Committee : Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **50.** Consider the following statements with respect to Cultural and Educational rights guaranteed by the Indian Constitution:
  - 1. The scope of Article 29 is not restricted to minorities only.
  - 2. All minorities shall have the right to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **51.** Consider the following statements regarding the loss of citizenship under the Citizenship Act (1955):

- 1. When a person renounces his Indian citizenship, every minor child of that person also loses Indian citizenship.
- 2. When an Indian citizen voluntarily acquires citizenship of another country, his Indian citizenship automatically terminates.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **52.** Consider the following statements with respect to the State Human Rights Commission:
  - 1. It can inquire into violation of human rights only in respect of subjects mentioned in the State List and the Concurrent List.
  - 2. If any case is already being inquired into by the National Human Rights Commission, then the State Human Rights Commission does not inquire into that case.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **53.** Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the Vice Chairperson of NITI Aayog?
  - 1. He is appointed by the Prime Minister.
  - 2. He enjoys the rank of a Minister of State.
  - 3. He chairs the meetings of Regional Councils.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

- **54.** Which of the following statements are correct with respect to Presidential system of government?
  - 1. The President is the real head of the government.
  - 2. The President is responsible to the legislature.
  - 3. The United States America follows the system of presidential form of government.

Select the correct answer using code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **55.** With reference to Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS), consider the following statements:
  - 1. It is a statutory body established under the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986.
  - 2. It is regulated under the Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution,

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **56.** With reference to the National Investigation Agency (NIA) Amendment Act, 2019, consider the following statements:
  - 1. The provisions of the Act extend to scheduled offenses, committed in India or abroad, that affect the interest of India.
  - 2. It designates state high courts as special courts for conducting the trial of offenses under the NIA Act.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2

- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **57.** Which of the following are the federal features of the Indian Constitution?
  - 1. Dual Polity
  - 2. Integrated Judiciary
  - 3. Bicameralism
  - 4. Written Constitution

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only
- **58.** In the context of methods of election in India, consider the following statements regarding the First Past The Post System:
  - 1. The Indian constitution has prescribed the First Past The Post System method of election to the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha.
  - 2. In this system the candidate needs to get more than 50 percent to get elected.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **59.** Which of the following laws are enacted for implementing the Directive Principles?
  - 1. Payment of Bonus Act (1965)
  - 2. Contract Labour Regulation and Abolition Act (1970)
  - 3. Bonded Labour System Abolition Act (1976)
  - 4. Equal Remuneration Act (1976) Select the correct answer using the code given below.
  - (a) 1 and 2 only
  - (b) 2 and 3 only
  - (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
  - (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

- **60.** Which of the following are ex-officio members of The National Human Rights Commission?
  - 1. Chairperson, National Commission for Backward Classes
  - 2. Special officer for linguistic minorities.
  - 3. Chairperson, National Commission for Protection of Child Rights.
  - 4. Chairperson, National Commission for Women.
  - 5. Chief Commissioner for Persons with Disabilities.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2, 3, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- **61.** Consider the following statements with respect to the National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC):
  - 1. The National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC) is a constitutional body.
  - 2. The Commission presents an annual report to both Houses of Parliament.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **62.** Consider the following statements with regard to the extraordinary powers of the President when the President's Rule is imposed in a state:
  - 1. He can take up the functions of the state government and powers vested in the governor or any other executive authority in the state.
  - 2. He can declare that the powers of the state legislature are to be exercised by the Parliament. 3. He can assume to himself the powers vested in the concerned state high court or suspend

the provisions of the Constitution relating to it.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **63.** With reference to the independence and impartiality of the Election Commission, which of the following statements is/are correct?
  - 1. The Constitution has not prescribed the qualifications of the members of the Election Commission.
  - 2. The Constitution has specified the term of the members of the Election Commission.
  - 3. The Constitution has not debarred the retiring election commissioners from any further appointment by the government.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only
- **64.** Consider the following statements with respect to the office of Lokayuktas:
  - 1. The institution of Lokayukta was established for the first time in Maharashtra in 1971.
  - 2. The Lokayukta of a state is always appointed by the chief justice of the high court of the concerned state.
  - 3. The recommendations made by the Lokayukta are only advisory and not binding on the state government.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 1 and 3 only

- **65.** Which among the following constitutional amendments fall outside the scope of Article 368?
  - 1. Abolition of Legislative Councils in States
  - 2. Elections to Parliament and State Legislatures
  - 3. Election of the President

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only
- **66.** Consider the following statements regarding the Constituent Assembly of India:
  - 1. Provinces were allotted seats in proportion to their respective populations.
  - 2. The representatives of the princely states were to be nominated by the heads of the princely states.
  - 3. Elections to the Constituent Assembly were conducted after Independence.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only
- **67.** Which of the following languages are mentioned in the eighth schedule of the Constitution of India?
  - 1. Bodo
  - 2. English
  - 3. Nepali
  - 4. Urdu
  - 5. Santhali

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 3, 4 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 5 only

- **68.** In the context of direct democracy, consider the following pairs: Device Description
  - 1. Referendum: Procedure whereby proposed legislation is referred to the electorate for settlement by their direct votes
  - 2. Recall: Method of obtaining the opinion of people on any issue of public importance
  - 3. Plebiscite: Method by means of which the voters can remove a representative before the expiry of his term

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **69.** Consider the following statements:
  - 1. Article 1 describes India as a federation of states.
  - 2. Currently, India has 28 states and 8 union territories.
  - 3. The names of states and union territories and their territorial extent are mentioned in the third schedule of the Constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 70. In the context of evolution of Indian constitution, which of the following Acts, for the first time, separated provincial budgets from the Central budget and authorized the provincial legislatures to enact their budgets?
  - (a) Indian Councils Act of 1909
  - (b) Government of India Act of 1919
  - (c) Indian Councils Act of 1861
  - (d) Government of India Act of 1935

- 71. With reference to Advocate General for the states, consider the following statements:
  - 1. The term of office of the advocate general is fixed by the Constitution.
  - 2. He holds office at the pleasure of the governor of a state.
  - 3. He enjoys all the privileges and immunities that are available to a member of the state legislature.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 72. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held that the doctrine of basic structure would apply to constitutional amendments after April 24, 1973?
  - (a) S.R. Bommai Case (1994)
  - (b) Waman Rao Case (1981)
  - (c) Kuldip Nayar Case (2006)
  - (d) Indira Gandhi Nehru Case (1975)
- 73. With reference to the principle of 'collective responsibility' in India, consider the following statements:
  - 1. It is a judicial innovation and not mentioned explicitly under the constitutional provisions.
  - 2. It means that the Council of Ministers shall be collectively responsible to the Parliament.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **74.** Which of the following countries have a federal system of government?
  - 1. India
  - 2. United Kingdom
  - 3. Brazil
  - 4. Mexico

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only
- **75.** Consider the following statements regarding the Drafting Committee of the Constitution:
  - 1. It was constituted after independence.
  - 2. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar was the chairman of this committee.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **76.** What is the primary objective of Project ISHAN initiated by the Indian government?
  - (a) To provide clean drinking water to rural communities.
  - (b) To make air traffic operations more efficient to handle more capacity.
  - (c) To promote renewable energy sources.
  - (d) To improve agricultural productivity through advanced technology.
- 77. Consider the following:
  - 1. NSE NOW
  - 2. ONICRA
  - 3. BSE Bolt
  - 4. SMERA
  - 5. NCDEX

How many of the above Electronic Trading Platforms (ETPs) are operating in India?

- (a) Only two
- (b) Only three
- (c) Only four
- (d) All five
- 78. Consider the following statements:
  - 1. Recently, IREDA (Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency), the financing agency for Renewable

- projects in India, was conferred with 'Navratna status'.
- 2. The 'Navratna status' is given by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade.
- 3. IREDA is under the administrative control of the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy. How many of the above statements are correct?
- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **79.** Which of the following statements about "Front Running" is true?
  - (a) Front Running is an illegal practice where a broker executes orders on a security for its own account while taking advantage of advance knowledge of pending orders from its clients.
  - (b) Front Running is a legitimate trading strategy where a broker prioritizes executing orders for its clients ahead of its own trades.
  - (c) Front Running is a term used to describe a situation where investors rush to buy stocks at the beginning of a trading session.
  - (d) Front Running is a regulatory requirement that mandates brokers to disclose all pending orders to their clients before executing any trades.
- **80.** Which of the following are common byproducts of the sugar industry?
  - (a) Diesel, kerosene, plastic, and coal
  - (b) Wheat bran, rice husk, soy meal, and corn gluten
  - (c) Wood chips, paper pulp, natural gas, and limestone
  - (d) Molasses, bagasse, press mud, and ethanol
- **81.** Consider the following statements:
  - 1. The Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, prohibits setting fire in wildlife sanctuaries.

- 2. More than 36% of India's forest cover is estimated to be prone to frequent forest fires. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **82.** What is the primary mechanism through which methane contributes to global warming?
  - (a) Absorption of ultraviolet radiation
  - (b) Trapping of heat in the atmosphere
  - (c) Acceleration of plate tectonics
  - (d) Formation of ozone in the stratosphere
- **83.** Which of the following statements about tardigrades is true?
  - (a) Tardigrades are exclusively aquatic organisms found only in freshwater environments.
  - (b) Tardigrades are extremophiles capable of surviving extreme temperatures, pressures, and radiation levels.
  - (c) Tardigrades are photosynthetic organisms that derive their energy from sunlight.
  - (d) Tardigrades belong to the phylum Cnidaria and possess stinging cells for prey capture
- **84.** Consider the following statements about the Ramsar Convention.
  - 1. It is the United Nations Convention that provides the framework for the conservation and wise use of wetlands.
  - 2. Almost 90% of UN member states have acceded to become "Contracting Parties".
  - 3. It does not consider underground aquifers and human-made sites as wetlands.
  - 4. The Montreux Record is maintained as part of the Ramsar List.

How many of the above statements are not correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- 85. The 'Global Climate Risk Index', which evaluates the impact of extreme weather events on countries and quantifies their vulnerability to climate change, is published by which organization?
  - (a) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
  - (b) World Bank
  - (c) Germanwatch
  - (d) United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
- **86.** Consider the following statements:
  - 1. The Representation of the People Act, 1951 (RP Act) provides for law relating to expenditure incurred by 'leaders of a political party'.
  - 2. The RP Act provides that a recognised political party can appoint a maximum of 40 star campaigners while a registered unrecognized political party can appoint up to 20.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 87. In legal terms, what does the "Eggshell Skull" refer to?
  - (a) A defendant with an exceptionally fragile mental state
  - (b) A petitioner with a pre-existing medical condition that makes them more susceptible to harm
  - (c) A legal defense strategy used in cases of self-defense
  - (d) A doctrine that limits the liability of defendants in cases of unforeseeable consequences

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- 88. Consider the following statements about the National Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission:
  - 1. The NCDRC is a statutory body constituted under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
  - 2. The NCDRC has jurisdiction to entertain consumer complaints where the value of goods or services and compensation is claimed up to one crore rupees.
  - 3. The NCDRC is headquartered in Mumbai.
  - 4. Appeals against the orders of the NCDRC can be made directly to the Supreme Court of India.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- 89. Consider the following statements about the National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC):
  - 1. The NCBC was given constitutional status by the 102nd Amendment Act, 2018.
  - 2. The NCBC has the power to include or exclude communities from the Central List of OBCs.
  - 3. The NCBC's recommendations are binding on the government.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 90. What is the "nine-dash line"?
  - (a) A maritime boundary line drawn by China to claim sovereignty over a vast portion of the South China Sea.
  - (b) A historical demarcation line indicating traditional fishing grounds in Southeast Asia.

- (c) A boundary marker established by international consensus to delineate territorial waters in the Pacific Ocean.
- (d) An imaginary line used by navigators to indicate safe shipping lanes in the Indian Ocean.
- **91.** Consider the following statements:
  - 1. Indonesia is the world's largest island country by total area.
  - 2. The capital city of Indonesia is Manila.
  - 3. Mount Fuji, an iconic volcano, is located in Indonesia.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 92. The Bhadra river originates from the
  - (a) Eastern Ghats
  - (b) Western Ghats
  - (c) Amarkantak Range
  - (d) Eastern Himalaya
- **93.** Consider the following statements about Hopen Island:
  - 1. It is located in the Caribbean Sea.
  - 2. It is known for its tropical climate and lush rainforests.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **94.** With reference to Coronal mass ejections (CMEs), consider the following statements:
  - 1. CMEs are bursts of solar wind expelled from the Sun's corona.
  - 2. CMEs primarily consist of charged particles, such as protons and electrons.

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3. CMEs have little to no impact on Earth's magnetic field and ionosphere.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **95.** The Alma-Ata Declaration is primarily related to:
  - (a) Environmental Protection
  - (b) Primary Health Care
  - (c) Nuclear Disarmament
  - (d) International Trade
- **96.** Consider the following statements regarding the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC):
  - 1. The IBC aims to consolidate and amend the laws relating to reorganization and insolvency resolution of corporate persons, partnership firms, and individuals in a time-bound manner.
  - 2. The IBC was enacted in 2016 to address the issues of insolvency and bankruptcy, thereby providing a clear and speedy resolution process.
  - 3. Under the IBC, the resolution process for a corporate debtor is to be completed within a period of 180 days, extendable by a further 90 days if necessary.
  - 4. The National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) acts as the adjudicating authority for insolvency resolution for companies and limited liability partnerships (LLPs).

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **97.** Which of the following statements about the Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) Scheme are correct?
  - (a) The primary focus of AMRUT is to ensure basic infrastructure services such as water supply, sewerage, urban

- transport, and parks are provided in cities.
- (b) AMRUT is exclusively targeted towards rural areas, aiming to uplift agricultural infrastructure.
- (c) Under AMRUT, selected cities receive financial assistance from the state government for improving urban amenities and infrastructure.
- (d) AMRUT was launched in collaboration with UNESCO to promote cultural heritage preservation in urban areas.
- **98.** 'Travel and Tourism Development Index' (TTDI) 2024 is released by
  - (a) International Civil Aviation Organization
  - (b) World Travel and Tourism Council
  - (c) UN Tourism
  - (d) World Economic Forum
- **99.** Which of the following is the primary objective of the Materiovigilance Programme of India (MvPI)?
  - (a) To monitor the use of drugs in India
  - (b) To ensure the safety of medical devices in India
  - (c) To track the distribution of vaccines in India
  - (d) To promote the development of new medical technologies in India
- 100. With reference to Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (CAATSA)', consider the following statements.
  - 1. CAATSA was enacted in response to Russia's interference in the 2016 U.S. elections.
  - 2. The primary goal of CAATSA is to enhance the U.S. military presence in Eastern Europe.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2