

VIDHVATH ACADEMY FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMS

+91 99722 58970, +91 97407 02455

SUBJECT WISE TEST: VPT038 INDIAN CONSTITUTION TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed: 120 mins Maximum Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TURN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. Do NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 100 items (Questions). Each item is printed in English. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response with you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- **5.** You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See direction in the answers sheet.
- **6.** All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses marked by you in the answer sheet. For every incorrect response 1/3rd of the allotted marks will be deducted.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer sheet the response to various items in the Test booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the answer sheets as per instruction sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- **8.** After you have completed filling in all responses on the answer sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to Invigilator only the answer sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- **9.** Sheet for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

- 1. Consider the following statements with respect to Freedom of Religion enshrined in the Constitution:
 - 1. It includes the freedom to not follow any religion.
 - 2. It bars all religious conversions.
 - 3. It is not applicable to foreign nationals.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only
- **2.** Under Article 360 of the Constitution, the power to proclaim financial emergency is vested under
 - (a) Ministry of Finance
 - (b) Parliament
 - (c) President
 - (d) Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- **3.** Which of the following are the similarities between Indian Parliamentary System and British Parliamentary System?
 - 1. Supremacy of Parliament
 - 2. Elected head of state
 - 3. Majority party rule

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) None
- **4.** Indian form of government is described as a federation with centralizing tendency. Which among the following provisions of the constitution supports this tendency?
 - 1. A single and flexible constitution
 - 2. Provision of All India Services
 - 3. Appointment of State Governor by the Center.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only

- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **5.** Consider the following statements:
 - 1. There is no limit to the power of the Parliament to amend the Constitution.
 - 2. Only the President can decide whether any matter forms a part of the basic structure of the Constitution

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **6.** Which of the following may be drawbacks of a democracy?
 - 1. Leaders keep changing in a democracy which could lead to instability.
 - 2. Democracy may lead to corruption as it is based on electoral competition.
 - 3. Democracy increases the chances of rash or irresponsible decision-making.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 7. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding Fundamental Rights?
 - 1. They are sacrosanct in nature and cannot be amended.
 - 2. They are available against the actions of both State and private individuals.
 - 3. They operate as checks on the tyranny of both executive and the Legislature.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 8. Which of the following statements is/are correct with regard to the Fundamental Duties?

- 1. They can be used by the courts to determine the constitutionality of a law.
- 2. They can be enforced by the Parliament through legislation.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **9.** Which of the following is/are features of Indian secularism as adopted in the Constitution?
 - 1. Religion is a personal matter and there is no interference by the state.
 - 2. No citizen can be denied entry into any educational institute of the state on the grounds of religion or caste.
 - 3. Every religious denomination has the right to establish and maintain charitable institutions without any limitation.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only
- 10. Which of the following Supreme Court cases is/are related to disputes/conflicts between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy?
 - 1. IR Coehlo Case, 2007
 - 2. Golaknath case, 1967
 - 3. Maneka Gandhi case, 1978
 - 4. Minerva Mill Case, 1980

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1 only
- 11. Which of the following would fall under the definition of State as defined in Article 12 of the Constitution?

- 1. Delhi Metro Rail Corporation
- 2. Unique Identification Authority of India
- 3. NITI Aayog
- 4. RBI

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2, and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **12.** Which of the following is/are correct with reference to the right to constitutional remedies provided under Article 32 of the constitution?
 - 1. It is invoked to determine the constitutionality of any executive order or legislation if it directly infringes any of the fundamental rights.
 - 2. The Supreme Court has original and exclusive jurisdiction in case of enforcement of fundamental rights.
 - 3. It is a basic feature of the constitution and cannot be taken away even by a constitutional amendment.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **13.** Which of the following are the reasons for creating Union Territories in India?
 - 1. Cultural distinctiveness
 - 2. Strategic importance
 - 3. The interest of tribal people
 - 4. Administrative consideration

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 4 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 14. Which of the following fall within the purview of Freedom of Speech and

Expression as guaranteed under Article 19 of the Indian constitution?

- 1. Freedom of Silence
- 2. Right to Strike
- 3. Right to telecast
- 4. Right to know about government activities

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 4 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **15.** Which of the following fall within the purview of Freedom of Speech and Expression as guaranteed under Article 19 of the Indian constitution?
 - 1. Freedom of Silence
 - 2. Right to Strike
 - 3. Right to telecast
 - 4. Right to know about government activities

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 4 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **16.** Consider the following:
 - 1. President's Rule
 - 2. National Emergency
 - 3. Martial Rule

Which of the above special circumstances has/have an effect on the Fundamental Rights of the Indian citizens?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **17.** Which of the following Directive Principles was added by the 42nd Constitution amendment?
 - 1. To secure opportunities for the healthy development of children.
 - 2. To promote equal justice and to provide free legal aid to the poor.

- 3. To minimize inequalities in income, status, facilities, and opportunities.
- 4. To promote the development of the Hindi language.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2, and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **18.** Who among the following do not hold office during the pleasure of the President?
 - 1. Attorney General
 - 2. Comptroller and Auditor General
 - 3. Members of Union Public Service Commission
 - 4. Chief Election Commissioner

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 4 only
- 19. Consider the following statements with regard to the Padma awards:
 - 1. A Padma awardee can be given a higher award only after five years of the conferment of the earlier award.
 - 2. The Padma Awards Committee is headed by the Cabinet Secretary.
 - 3. There is a provision for seeking the written consent of the recipient before the announcement of the award.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 20. Consider the following pairs:

Constitutional Provision Country adopted from

- 1. Fundamental Rights: France
- 2. Directive Principles of State Policy: Ireland

- 3. Cabinet form of government: Britain Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?
- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **21.** India has been using the Constitution as the basic framework within which the government operates. Which of the following are not the reasons for it?
 - (a) The judiciary and political practice have shown flexibility in the implementation of the Constitution.
 - (b) The basic framework of the Constitution suits our country.
 - (c) The Constitution makers were very far sighted and provided for solutions for many situations.
 - (d) The Constitution of India is a sacred document and cannot be changed.
- **22.** Which of the following is/are envisaged as the Right against Exploitation in the Constitution of India?
 - 1. Protection against arrest and detention
 - 2. Prohibition of employment of children in factories.
 - 3. Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **23.** Which of the following statements is/are correct with regard to the India Independence Act, 1947?
 - 1. It provided that India can alter any law made by the British in relation to India, including the India Independence Act, 1947 itself.
 - 2. It abolished the office of the Governor-General in India.

3. Though it declared India as independent, it did not proclaim the lapse of British Paramountcy over Indian Princely states.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **24.** If any foreign territory becomes a part of India, then the power to specify that the people of a foreign territory shall be the citizens of India is vested in the
 - (a) National Human Rights Commission
 - (b) Supreme Court
 - (c) Union Government
 - (d) Parliament
- 25. If any foreign territory becomes a part of India, then the power to specify that the people of a foreign territory shall be the citizens of India is vested in the
 - (a) National Human Rights Commission
 - (b) Supreme Court
 - (c) Union Government
 - (d) Parliament
- **26.** Which of the following commissions/ committee accepted "language" as the criteria for the reorganization of states?
 - 1. Dhar Commission
 - 2. JVP Committee
 - 3. Fazl Ali Commission

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only
- 27. A religious denomination must satisfy which of the following necessary conditions in order to exercise the freedom to manage religious affairs under Article 26?
 - 1. Group of individuals with a system of beliefs.

- 2. A group with a common organization.
- 3. Collective has a distinctive name.
- 4. The group has a religious text of its own.
- 5. A leader who preaches a distinct doctrine.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2, and 3 only
- (b) 3, 4, and 5 only
- (c) 1, 2, and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- **28.** Which of the following is/are the Fundamental Duties under part IVA of the Constitution of India?
 - 1. To develop scientific temper and humanism
 - 2. To encourage the participation of workers in the management of industries
 - 3. To pay taxes
 - 4. To cast vote

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2, 3, and 4 only
- (d) None
- **29.** Which of the following elements form a part of 'Basic Structure of the Constitution' as laid down by various court judgements?
 - 1. Secular character of the Constitution
 - 2. Separation of powers between the legislature and the executive
 - 3. Socialist state
 - 4. Principle of reasonableness

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 4 only
- **30.** Which of the following is/are common to both 'interest groups' and 'people's movements?

- 1. Both attempt to influence politics without directly taking part in electoral competition.
- 2. Both have a loose organization, where decision-making is informal and flexible.
- 3. Both are largely dependent on spontaneous mass participation.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **31.** Consider the following statements:
 - 1. An amendment of the Constitution can be initiated only by the prior permission of the President.
 - 2. All Constitutional Amendment bills must be passed in each House by a simple majority.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **32.** Consider the following statements in the context of Preamble to the Constitution:
 - 1. The Preamble states that the Constitution derives its authority from the constituent assembly of India.
 - 2. Indian constitution was the first constitution in the world, to begin with a Preamble.
 - 3. Preamble is a part of the Constitution and gives clarity in interpretation of the constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **33.** Consider the following statements:

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- 1. An amendment of the Constitution can be initiated only by the prior permission of the President.
- 2. All Constitutional Amendment bills must be passed in each House by a simple majority.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **34.** Consider the following statements in the context of Preamble to the Constitution:
 - 1. The Preamble states that the Constitution derives its authority from the constituent assembly of India.
 - 2. Indian constitution was the first constitution in the world, to begin with a Preamble.
 - 3. Preamble is a part of the Constitution and gives clarity in interpretation of the constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **35.** The Indian Councils Act of 1861 introduced which of the following provisions for the first time in India?
 - 1. Power to issue ordinances in Indian administration
 - 2. Nomination of Indians as non-official members to Viceroy's council
 - 3. The new office of Secretary of State for India

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **36.** A citizen believes that a government official has assumed an office without the

proper legal authority. Which writ allows the Supreme Court of India to inquire into the legality of this official's claim to the position?

- (a) Mandamus
- (b) Quo Warranto
- (c) Certiorari
- (d) Habeas Corpus
- **37.** Which of the following is mentioned under the Part IV of the Constitution of India?
 - (a) Separation of Judiciary from Legislature.
 - (b) Separation of Judiciary from Executive.
 - (c) Separation of Legislature from Executive.
 - (d) Separation of Judiciary, Legislature and Executive.
- **38.** Which of the following is not a directive enshrined in Directive Principles of State Policy of the Constitution?
 - (a) Promotion of international peace and security.
 - (b) Encouragement of settlement of international disputes by arbitration.
 - (c) Fostering respect for international law and treaty obligations in the dealings of organized peoples with one another.
 - (d) Valuing and preserving the rich heritage of our composite culture.
- **39.** In the context of the Preamble to the Constitution of India, which of the following best reflects the meaning of the term "Socialist"?
 - (a) State ownership of means of production to prevent private monopolies
 - (b) Prioritizing the welfare of the working class through state-controlled economic planning
 - (c) State's role in promoting collective ownership of resources
 - (d) State's commitment to minimizing social and economic inequalities

- **40.** Under which of the following Article(s) of the Constitution of India, has the Supreme Court of India recognized the Right against the adverse effects of climate change?
 - (a) Article 48A
 - (b) Article 21
 - (c) Article 14
 - (d) Articles 14 and 21
- **41.** With reference to the Right to Information Act, consider the following statements:
 - 1. All persons seeking information from a Central Government Public Authority are required to pay minimum nominal fees.
 - 2. There is no prescribed format of application for seeking information.
 - 3. Every information to an applicant shall be supplied within 30 days from the receipt of application.
 - 4. No appeal can be made after the receipt of the information.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **42.** With reference to Uniform Civil Code, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Constitution of India explicitly mentions that the State shall endeavour to secure for the citizens a uniform civil code throughout the territory of India.
 - 2. Both Parliament and State Legislature can make laws on Uniform Civil Code.
 - 3. Personal law subjects like marriage and divorce are part of the Concurrent list under the seventh schedule to the Constitution of India.

Which of the statements above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only

- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **43.** With reference to Uniform Civil Code, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Constitution of India explicitly mentions that the State shall endeavour to secure for the citizens a uniform civil code throughout the territory of India.
 - 2. Both Parliament and State Legislature can make laws on Uniform Civil Code.
 - 3. Personal law subjects like marriage and divorce are part of the Concurrent list under the seventh schedule to the Constitution of India.

Which of the statements above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **44.** Consider the following statements about the Union Territories of India:
 - 1. Number of Union Territories has remained constant since the enactment of the Constitution of India.
 - 2. Creation of new Union Territories or the alteration of their boundaries requires a constitutional amendment under Article 368.
 - 3. Parliament has the power to make law on any subject matter of any Union Territory.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **45.** Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Statement-I: It shall be the duty of the State to apply the Directive Principles of State Policy in making laws.

- 2. Statement-II: According to the Constitution of India, Directive Principles of State Policy are fundamental in the governance of the country.
- 3. Statement III: Higher Judiciary can declare certain laws to be invalid on the ground that it contravenes a Directive Principle of State Policy.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-III and Statement-III are correct and both of them explain Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-II and Statement-III are correct, but only one of them explains Statement-I
- (c) Only one of the Statements II and III is correct and that explains Statement-I
- (d) Neither Statement-II nor Statement-III is correct
- **46.** Who has been appointed as the as the 9th Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission recently?
 - (a) V. Ramasubramanian
 - (b) S.P.Kurdukar
 - (c) Ramkrishna Gavai
 - (d) Kuldip Singh
- 47. Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Statement-I: Article 1 of the Constitution of India describes India that is Bharat, as a Union of States.
 - 2. Statement-II: The term "Union of India" is a wider expression than "Territory of India".

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect

- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement- II is correct
- **48.** With reference to the Constitution of India, consider the following rights:
 - 1. Right to education
 - 2. Right to practice any profession, or to carry on any occupation
 - 3. Right to property
 - 4. Protection of language, script and culture of minorities
 - 5. Right to move freely throughout the territory of India

How many of the above rights are available to a citizen of Britain living in India?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) Only four
- **49.** With respect to the Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) Cardholders, consider the following statements:
 - 1. OCI cardholder is a citizen of India who is ordinarily residing outside India
 - 2. They are entitled to hold public offices in India.
 - 3. They are provided with multiple entry, lifelong visas for visiting India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **50.** Consider the following statements about the Preamble to the Indian Constitution:
 - It is based on the 'Objectives Resolution', drafted and moved by J.L. Nehru.
 - 2. It describes India as a Union of States.
 - 3. It originally contained the phrase 'unity of the nation,' which was later replaced by 'unity and integrity of the nation.'

4. In the Berubari Union case (1960), the Supreme Court held the Preamble to be an integral part of the Constitution.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **51.** With reference to the preventive detention, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Any person who is arrested or detained under a preventive detention law shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within a period of 24 hours of such arrest.
 - 2. No law providing for preventive detention shall authorise the detention of a person for a period more than three months under any circumstance.
 - 3. Only Parliament can make a law providing for preventive detention.

Which of the above statements are not correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **52.** Which of the following 'minorities' are recognized under Article 30 of the Constitution of India?
 - 1. Religious minorities
 - 2. Linguistic minorities
 - 3. Racial minorities

Select the answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- **53.** With reference to the Constitution of India, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It is the fundamental right of a citizen to move to the Supreme court or High

- court if their fundamental rights are violated.
- 2. Parliament by law can empower any court in the country to issue writs for enforcement of fundamental rights.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **54.** Arrange the following events in chronological order, starting from the earliest:
 - 1. Adoption of the Objective Resolution by the Constituent Assembly of India
 - 2. Adoption of the National Flag by the Constituent Assembly of India
 - 3. The Constitution of India coming into force
 - 4. Last meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 2 3 4
- (b) 2 1 3 4
- (c) 1 2 4 3
- (d) 2 1 3 4
- **55.** With reference to the loss of citizenship in India, consider the following:
 - 1. If a person, other than a student resides in another country for 5 consecutive years without registering at an Indian consulate his internation to retain Indian citizenship.
 - 2. If a person has shown disloyalty towards the Constitution
 - 3. If an Indian citizen of full age and capacity voluntarily relinquishes citizenship through his will.
 - 4. If a person illegally traded or communicated with the enemy during war

In which of the situations stated above, an Indian citizen can lose his/her citizenship?

(a) 1, 2 and 3 only

- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **56.** Which one of the following categories of Fundamental Rights incorporates the protection in respect of conviction for offences?
 - (a) Right to freedom
 - (b) Right against exploitation
 - (c) Right to Equality
 - (d) Right to constitutional remedies
- **57.** Consider the following statements about the Constituent Assembly of India:
 - 1. Representatives of the princely states in the Constituent Assembly were to be nominated by the heads of the princely states
 - 2. Members of each community in the Provincial Legislative Assembly elected their own representatives by the method of proportional representation with single transferable vote.
 - 3. The Seats in each British Indian Province were distributed among General, Muslims and Sikhs as per their respective populations.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **58.** The "Right to be Forgotten" has been a subject of debate in India and globally. Consider the following statements in this context:
 - 1. The Right to be forgotten allows individuals to request the removal of personal information from search engines and online databases.
 - 2. Digital Personal Data Protection Act 2023 makes Right to be forgotten as a statutory right.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **59.** With reference to Fundamental Duties under the Constitution of India, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Constituent Assembly of India had unanimously adopted the Fundamental Duties.
 - 2. Fundamental Duties are applicable only for the citizens, and not foreigners.
 - 3. Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution are inspired by the Constitution of erstwhile USSR.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 3 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only
- 60. Article 12 has defined the term 'State' for the purposes of Part III of the Indian Constitution. According to this definition, the term 'State' includes which of the following?
 - 1. Both Houses of Parliament
 - 2. State Council of Ministers
 - 3. State Legislative Council
 - 4. Panchayati Raj Institutions

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **61.** Consider the following:
 - 1. Federalism
 - 2. Balance between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles
 - 3. Separation of Power between the legislature, the executive and the judiciary
 - 4. Supremacy of Parliament

How many of the above are part of the Basic structure of the Constitution of India?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **62.** With reference to Government of India Act 1935, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It provided for a bicameral federal legislature in which Princely states were given disproportionate weightage.
 - 2. At provincial administration level, the Governor could veto legislative action.
 - 3. Governor General and Governors were to be appointed by the British government and were responsible to the central and provincial legislature respectively.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only
- **63.** The Third Schedule of the Constitution of India contains Forms of Oaths or Affirmations for?
 - 1. A candidate for election to the Legislature of a State.
 - 2. A member of the Legislature of a State.
 - 3. A candidate for election to Parliament.
 - 4. A Member of Parliament.
 - 5. The President of India
 - 6. Judges of the Supreme Court Select the answer using the code given below:
 - (a) 2, 4 and 6 only
 - (b) 2, 4, 5 and 6 only
 - (c) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 only
 - (d) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

- **64.** Which of the following is/are considered as federal features of the Constitution of India?
 - 1. Independent and integrated judiciary
 - 2. Written and rigid constitution
 - 3. Bicameralism

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 3 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- **65.** Which of the following provisions in the Constitution of India explicitly mentions the preservation and enhancement of the environment?
 - (a) Preamble
 - (b) Directive Principles of State Policy
 - (c) Fundamental Duties
 - (d) Both (b) and (c)
- 66. "To promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India" is a provision made in the:
 - (a) Fundamental Rights
 - (b) Fundamental Duties
 - (c) Directive Principles of State Policy
 - (d) Preamble to the Constitution of India
- **67.** With reference to 44th Amendment Act 1978, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It provided that the state should strive to minimize the inequalities in income.
 - 2. It provided for the participation of workers in the management of industry.
 - 3. It required the state to provide free legal aid to the poor.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

VIDHVATH ACADEMY

- **68.** Which of the following are the features of the Presidential form of government?
 - 1. Single executive.
 - 2. President and legislators elected separately for a fixed term.
 - 3. Single membership of legislature and executive
 - 4. Domination of president.
 - (a) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (b) 2, 4 only
 - (c) 1, 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2, 4
- **69.** Which of the following can be a disadvantage of the Parliamentary system?
 - 1. Unstable government
 - 2. No stability in policies
 - 3. Dictatorship of Cabinet
 - 4. Strict separation of powers
 - 5. Government by experts
 - (a) 3, 5 only
 - (b) 1, 2, 3 only
 - (c) 1, 4 only
 - (d) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- 70. Which of the following Fundamental Rights are not suspended during National Emergency on grounds of Armed Rebellion?
 - 1. Article 20
 - 2. Article 21
 - 3. Article 19
 - (a) 1, 2, 3
 - (b) 1, 2 only
 - (c) 3 only
 - (d) 2, 3 only
- 71. Consider the following

Source Provision

- 1. GOI act of 1935 A. Federal scheme
- 2. Japanese constitution B. Procedure established by law
- 3. South African constitution C. Election of members of council of states
- 4. Australian constitution D. Joint sitting

Which of the following are correct?

A B C D

- (a) 1 2 3 4
- (b) 2 4 1 3
- (c) 4 2 1 3
- (d) 3 4 1 2
- 72. Consider the following statements.
 - 1. The design of the National Flag was adopted by the Constituent Assembly of India on 22nd July, 1947.

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- 2. The wheel in the National Flag has 21 spokes.
- 3. The ratio of the width of the National Flag to its length is 3:4.

Which of the above statements is/ are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) Only 1
- (c) 2 and 3
- (d) Only 2
- 73. The framers of the Constitution of India borrowed the concept of the Concurrent List described in the Seventh Schedule from the Constitution of
 - (a) Canada
 - (b) Australia
 - (c) Italy
 - (d) South Africa
- **74.** Consider the following statements.
 - 1. The Constitution of India has 20 parts.
 - 2. There are 390 Articles in the Constitution of India in all.
 - 3. Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth Schedules were added to the Constitution of India by Constitution (Amendment) Acts.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Only 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **75.** The Committee which recommended a three-tier Panchayati Raj System in India was
 - (a) Ashok Mehta Committee

- (b) Balwant Rai Mehta Committee
- (c) G.K.V. Rao Committee
- (d) L.M. Singhvi Committee
- **76.** Consider the following statements about the global context of de-dollarisation:
 - 1. De-dollarisation involves completely abandoning the use of the U.S. dollar in global trade.
 - 2. China and Russia have increased the use of their local currencies in bilateral trade as part of dedollarization.
 - 3. De-dollarisation aims to strengthen the dominance of gold as the sole global reserve asset.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 77. Consider the following statements regarding Confederation of Indian Industry (CII):
 - 1. CII focuses exclusively on domestic industrial policy and avoids international linkages.
 - 2. It provides financial grants to industries for capacity building.
 - 3. It advocates for industrial growth while promoting affirmative action and skill development.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **78.** Consider the following statements about the Employees' Pension Scheme (1995):
 - 1. It provides a lump sum benefit at retirement.
 - 2. It offers monthly pensions to survivors in case of an employee's death.
 - 3. It is managed by the EPFO under the Ministry of Finance.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 79. Consider the following statements regarding the Nayakkarpatti Tungsten Block, recently seen in news:
 - 1. It is located entirely outside any biodiversity conservation area.
 - 2. Tungsten from this block is classified as a critical mineral for national development.
 - 3. Mining activities here require environmental and forest clearances.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **80.** Consider the following statements about snakebites in India:
 - 1. India records the highest number of snakebite incidents globally.
 - 2. Snakebite cases are more prevalent in urban areas.
 - 3. The National Action Plan for Prevention and Control of Snakebite Envenoming (NAPSE) aims to reduce snakebite deaths by 50% by 2030.
 - 4. Anti-venom treatment is uniformly available across rural India.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **81.** Which of the following tiger reserves in Madhya Pradesh is associated with Rudyard Kipling's "The Jungle Book"?
 - (a) Kanha Tiger Reserve
 - (b) Pench Tiger Reserve
 - (c) Bandhavgarh Tiger Reserve

- (d) Satpura Tiger Reserve
- **82.** Consider the following statements regarding sources of manganese contamination:
 - 1. Agricultural runoff contributes to manganese contamination in groundwater.
 - 2. Mining operations release manganese into water sources.
 - 3. Geogenic leaching from natural deposits is a primary cause of manganese in water.
 - 4. Domestic sewage is the leading source of manganese contamination.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2, and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, and 4
- **83.** Which wildlife area will be significantly affected by the construction of the Daudhan Dam under the KenBetwa Link Project?
 - (a) Nauradehi Wildlife Sanctuary
 - (b) Panna Tiger Reserve
 - (c) Satpura National Park
 - (d) Chambal Wildlife Sanctuary
- **84.** Which of the following is true about the color-coded alerts issued by the Indian Meteorological Department (IMD)?
 - (a) The Yellow alert indicates severe weather, necessitating immediate evacuation.
 - (b) The Green alert requires monitoring of potential disruptions.
 - (c) The Orange alert advises caution for moderately bad weather.
 - (d) None of the above.
- **85.** What is the primary condition for Lake-Effect Snow to occur?
 - (a) Cold air interacting with warmer, unfrozen lake waters
 - (b) Frozen lake surfaces with high atmospheric moisture

- (c) Stable atmospheric conditions with low wind speed
- (d) Warm air interacting with cold lake waters
- **86.** Which of the following best describes the Accelerated Degree Programme (ADP) introduced by UGC?
 - (a) Allows students to graduate early by transferring credits from other institutions.
 - (b) Permits students to extend their graduation timeline by up to two semesters.
 - (c) Enables high-performing students to graduate early by earning additional credits.
 - (d) Mandates a fixed timeline for completing degrees without flexibility.
- 87. Consider the following statements regarding Design Linked Incentive (DLI) Scheme:
 - 1. The scheme supports semiconductor manufacturing facilities to promote import substitution.
 - 2. Financial incentives under the scheme are provided for up to 100% of eligible costs.
 - 3. The India Chip Centre under this scheme focuses solely on hardware fabrication.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **88.** What is the primary goal of the Proba-3 Mission?
 - (a) To demonstrate high-precision formation flying in space
 - (b) To deploy a constellation of communication satellites
 - (c) To study Mars' atmospheric composition

- (d) To develop autonomous deep-space exploration vehicles
- **89.** Which of the following best describes extrachromosomal DNA (ecDNA)?
 - (a) Linear DNA segments located outside the cell nucleus
 - (b) Viral DNA segments inserted into the host genome
 - (c) DNA sequences integrated into chromosomal DNA
 - (d) Circular DNA fragments floating freely in the cell nucleus
- **90.** Consider the following statements about AgeXtend, recently in news:
 - 1. It uses machine learning to analyze and validate compounds for anti-aging properties.
 - 2. It has been developed exclusively for the analysis of Ayurvedic and Chinese medicine molecules.
 - 3. It provides open-source data to promote global collaboration in aging research.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **91.** Consider the following statements regarding criteria for EU membership:
 - 1. A country must have stable institutions that guarantee democracy and rule of law.
 - 2. It is mandatory for all EU members to adopt the euro as their currency upon joining.
 - 3. A country must demonstrate the capacity to adopt EU laws and regulations.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 3
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only

- **92.** Consider the following statements about the Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant:
 - 1. It is Bangladesh's first nuclear power plant.
 - 2. It is constructed by Rosatom, Russia's state nuclear corporation.
 - 3. It is located on the banks of the Jamuna River.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **93.** Consider the following statements about the U.S. President's pardon procedure:
 - 1. A pardon erases the recipient's criminal record.
 - 2. Presidential clemency requires majority approval in Congress.
 - 3. Acceptance of a pardon is considered an admission of guilt.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) None of the above
- **94.** Consider the following statements about laws addressing house disruptions in India:
 - 1. Article 105 protects Members of Parliament from legal proceedings for any speech or behavior inside the House.
 - 2. The Code of Conduct for Members mandates ethical behavior but does not have statutory backing.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **95.** What is the primary function of the National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG)?

- (a) To provide online certified copies of judgments
- (b) To enable real-time statistics on pending and disposed cases
- (c) To facilitate e-filing and e-payment gateways
- (d) To provide cloud storage for court records
- **96.** What does the large hemispherical dome (Anda) of the Sanchi Stupa represent?
 - (a) Buddha's physical form and teachings.
 - (b) The abode of the gods.
 - (c) The relics of Lord Buddha.
 - (d) The universe and cosmic harmony.
- **97.** Consider the following statements.
 - 1. The Eklingji Temple in Rajasthan has remained untouched by invasions throughout its history.
 - 2. The temple complex is built entirely of sandstone and features minimal decorative carvings.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **98.** Consider the following statements about the National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA):
 - 1. It promotes organic farming as a key strategy for soil conservation.
 - 2. It encourages efficient irrigation practices to reduce water-induced soil erosion.
 - 3. It supports afforestation efforts to restore degraded soils.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

- **99.** Consider the following statements about the Desert Knight exercise:
 - 1. It is a trilateral air combat exercise involving India, Russia, and the UAE.
 - 2. It is primarily aimed at naval warfare operations in the Indian Ocean.
 - 3. It also focuses on training in humanitarian assistance and disaster relief.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **100.** Consider the following statements about Surya Kiran 2024:
 - 1. It is a bilateral exercise between India and Bhutan.
 - 2. It focuses on counter-terrorism operations and humanitarian operations under the UN Charter.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2