

VIDHVATH ACADEMY FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMS

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SUBJECT WISE TEST: VPT044 MODERN INDIAN HISTORY TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed: 120 mins Maximum Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TURN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. Do NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 100 items (Questions). Each item is printed in English. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response with you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- **5.** You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See direction in the answers sheet.
- **6.** All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses marked by you in the answer sheet. For every incorrect response 1/3rd of the allotted marks will be deducted.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer sheet the response to various items in the Test booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the answer sheets as per instruction sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- **8.** After you have completed filling in all responses on the answer sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to Invigilator only the answer sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- **9.** Sheet for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

1. In the context of Indian history, consider the following pairs:

Journal/Magazine - Published by

- 1. Al Hilal: Maulana Azad
- 2. The Comrade : Muhammad Ali Jauhar
- 3. Indian Opinion : Annie Besant

Which of the pairs given above are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **2.** Which of the following factors contributed to the Deccan Agrarian Riots of 1875?
 - 1. A significant increase in land revenue by the British Government, exceeding 50%.
 - 2. A series of poor harvests.
 - 3. A sharp decline in Cotton prices following the American Civil War.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **3.** Which of the following principles of Mahatma Gandhi was inspired by John Ruskin's book "Unto This Last"?
 - (a) Gram Swaraj
 - (b) Sarvodaya
 - (c) Non-violence
 - (d) Satyagraha
- **4.** In the context of Indian history, consider the following pre-Congress political associations:
 - 1. Landholders' Society
 - 2. East India Association
 - 3. Madras Native Association
 - 4. Bombay Presidency Association

What is the correct chronological order of the establishment of these associations?

- (a) 1-3-2-4
- (b) 1-4-2-3
- (c) 2-3-1-4

- (d) 1-2-3-4
- **5.** Consider the following:
 - 1. Impoverishment of the peasantry.
 - 2. Development of plantation industries.
 - 3. Ruin of old zamindars and rise of a new class of landlords.

How many of the above were outcomes of economic policies of the Britishers in India?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **6.** In the context of socio-religious reform movements of the 19th century, consider the following initiatives:
 - 1. Prarthana Samaj
 - 2. Widow Remarriage Association
 - 3. Deccan Education Society
 - 4. Poona Sarvajanik Sabha

Which of the above initiatives were established by Mahadev Govind Ranade?

- (a) 1 and 4 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 7. With reference to the Indigo Revolt of 1859-60, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It opposed the ban on indigo cultivation imposed by the British Government.
 - 2. Educated middle-class Bengalis extended their support to the revolt.
 - 3. Its main form of struggle was legal resistance, and there was very little violence.

Which among the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only

- 8. Which of the following was agreed upon by Lord Irwin under the Gandhi-Irwin Pact of 1931?
 - 1. Right to picket shops selling foreign clothes and other imported items.
 - 2. Return of the confiscated land, not yet sold to third parties.
 - 3. Remission of all fines not yet collected.
 - 4. Right to make salt by those living in coastal areas only for personal consumption.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 3 and 4 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **9.** Consider the following statements with respect to civilian and tribal uprisings during British India:
 - 1. Chuar Rebellion was suppressed by the Paiks (hereditary policemen) with the support of Britishers.
 - 2. Faraizi Revolt initially began as a peasant movement and later turned into a religious movement under Dudu Miyan.
 - 3. The Kuka Movement of Punjab was part of the Namdhari Movement.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 10. Who among the following was the author of "The Indian Struggle 1920-42", a major analytical study of the freedom struggle from the Non-Cooperation Movement to the Quit India Movement?
 - (a) Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
 - (b) Subhash Chandra Bose
 - (c) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (d) Jawahar Lal Nehru

- 11. With reference to the Princely States in Pre- Independence India, consider the following statements:
 - 1. The Chamber of Princes was established in 1921 to suppress the nationalist movements in Princely States.
 - 2. Subhash Chandra Bose became the President of the All India State Peoples Conference in 1939 to express the Congress's solidarity with people's struggle in Princely States.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **12.** In the history of colonial India, the Raja Nand Kumar trial is associated with which of the following Governor-General/Viceroy?
 - (a) Warren Hasting
 - (b) Lord Curzon
 - (c) Lord Litton
 - (d) Lord Cornwallis
- **13.** With reference to Rehnumai Mazdayasan Sabha, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It was founded by Parsi reformers in Mumbai in 1851.
 - 2. It started a journal called Rast Goftar to promote social-religious reforms among the Parsis.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **14.** Which of the following books written by Jyotirao Phule is considered as his magnum opus and a critique of the caste system and Brahminism?
 - (a) Karukku
 - (b) Samskara
 - (c) Gulamgiri

- (d) Annihilation of Caste
- 15. Consider the following crops:
 - 1. Potato
 - 2. Tobacco
 - 3. Pineapple
 - 4. Cashew Nuts

How many of the above crops were introduced in India by the Portuguese?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **16.** Consider the following statements regarding the evolution of policing system under the British rule:
 - 1. Warren Hastings abolished the policing functions of the Zamindars.
 - 2. During the administrative system of Lord Cornwallis, District Collectors combined the duties of revenue collection and the police duties as Magistrates.
 - 3. The Police Act of 1861 established the police organisation as a separate department of government.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 17. After the Revolt of 1857, which of the following measures did the British government implement to suppress nationalist sentiments among Indian soldiers?
 - 1. Indian soldiers were often promoted to officer ranks to foster a sense of indebtedness and loyalty to the British.
 - 2. The government discouraged communal, caste, and regional loyalties among soldiers.
 - 3. Access to newspapers and journals was restricted for the soldiers.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 3 only
- **18.** With reference to Santhal Hul of 1855, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It was a tribal uprising against the Britishers led by Birsa Munda.
 - 2. The local zamindars backed the uprising out of their frustration with the British land revenue policies.
 - 3. The Santhal Pargana Tenancy Act of 1876 was enacted by the British as a result of this uprising.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **19.** In the context of Quit India Movement, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It was launched in response to the Cripps proposals.
 - 2. Socialist strand of the Congress was active in underground activities during this movement.
 - 3. Gandhi opined that armed resistance against a well-equipped aggressor was to be considered a non-violent act.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **20.** Which of the following were the consequences of the Treaty of Allahabad (1765)?
 - 1. Mir Jafar became the Nawab of Bengal
 - 2. Shuja-ud-Daula surrendered Allahabad to Shah Alam II.

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- 3. Shah Alam II issued a farman granting the Diwani of Bengal
- 4. British annexation of Awadh

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only
- (d) 2, 3 and 4 only
- **21.** Consider the following statements regarding the early Bhakti traditions of South India:
 - 1. An important theme in Tamil bhakti hymns is the poets' opposition to Buddhism and Jainism.
 - 2. Nalayira Divyaprabandham, often described as Tamil Veda, is composed by Nayanars.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **22.** The book "Hind Swaraj" is primarily known for Mahatma Gandhi's sharp critique of:
 - (a) British government's oppressive policies
 - (b) Modern Western civilization
 - (c) Leadership of Indian National Congress
 - (d) Lack of unity among Indian people
- **23.** Who chaired the 7th meeting of the Island Development Agency (IDA) in New Delhi?
 - (a) Minister of Home Affairs Amit Shah
 - (b) Prime Minister Narendra Modi
 - (c) Minister of Power Manohar Lal
 - (d) Minister of Defence Rajnath Singh
- **24.** Bankim Chandra Chatterjee's novel that first featured the Indian National song "Vande Mataram" was inspired by which of the following historical events?
 - (a) Chittagong armoury raid

- (b) Tebhaga movement
- (c) Paika rebellion
- (d) Sanyasi revolt
- **25.** Which of the given statements regarding the Surat session of Indian National Congress 1907 is not correct?
 - (a) It was presided over by Rash Bihari Ghose.
 - (b) There was a split in Congress into Extremist and Moderates.
 - (c) The Moderates were opposed to the use of a boycott, which was demanded by extremists.
 - (d) The Swadeshi resolution was passed to boycott British goods.
- **26.** With respect to Rabindranath Tagore, consider the following statements:
 - 1. He renounced his title of Knighthood in protest against the Rowlatt Act.
 - 2. He was one of the founders of the Indian Society of Oriental Art.
 - 3. He opposed the idea of boycotting foreign goods during the Non-cooperation movement.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **27.** Which of the following statements is/are correct with reference to the Cripps Mission?
 - 1. The Mission promised a constitutionmaking body but rejected the idea of partition.
 - 2. The Congress objected to the Cripps proposal of an Indian Union with a Dominion status.
 - 3. It provided for the sole control of the British over the defence of India.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only

- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **28.** Consider the following statements with reference to Modern Indian History:
 - 1. Acharya Narendra Dev laid the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party.
 - 2. Both Nehru and Bose were associated with the Independence for India League.
 - 3. Labour Swaraj Party of the Indian National Congress was founded by Vithalbhai Patel.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 29. In the context of the recent debate about the differences between Lingayats and the Veerashaivas, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Lingayats trace their origin to the teachings of Basavanna, whereas Veerashaivas are the followers of the five peethas.
 - 2. Lingayats worship Lord Shiva as a formless entity, whereas Veerashaivas worship the Vedic idol of Shiva.
 - 3. Lingayats do not believe in the caste system, whereas Veerashaivas do.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **30.** In which of the following sessions did the Indian National Congress adopt a resolution on Fundamental Rights and National Economic Programme?
 - (a) Faizpur session, 1937
 - (b) Lahore Session, 1929
 - (c) Haripura Session, 1938
 - (d) Karachi Session, 1931

- **31.** With respect to Indian history, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Statement-I: Indian National Congress adopted a resolution in support of the Ilbert Bill.
 - 2. Statement-II: Ilbert Bill empowered Indian Magistrates or Sessions Judges to try charges against European British subjects.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I.
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I.
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect.
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct.
- **32.** "Prati Sarkar", a form of parallel government, during the Quit India Movement was proclaimed in:
 - (a) Ballia
 - (b) Satara
 - (c) Medinipur
 - (d) Ramgarh
- **33.** Consider the following statements regarding the contribution of the women freedom fighters in the independence movement:
 - 1. Rani Velu Nachiyar was the first queen to fight against the British colonial power in India.
 - 2. Ka Phan Nonglait was the first woman freedom fighter from the Khasi hills.
 - 3. Pritilata Waddedar was jailed for her role in the Chittagong Armoury Raid.

How many of the following statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

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- **34.** Consider the following statements regarding Government of India Act of 1919:
 - 1. It set up a Bicameral Legislature in the provinces and a dyarchy at the Center.
 - 2. It introduced the system of separate electorates for the first time.
 - 3. The Secretary of State was now to be paid by the British Exchequer.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **35.** In the context of colonial administration in British India, 'Gentoo code' was related to
 - (a) Imposing censorship on national press.
 - (b) Making provisions related to land revenue administration.
 - (c) Preparing authoritative texts about traditional Indian legal system.
 - (d) Defining the jurisdiction of provincial governments.
- 36. These Europeans were not much interested in empire-building in India; their concerns were trade. They founded their first factory in Masulipatnam (in Andhra) in 1605. Their ambitions in India received a crushing blow after their defeat in the Battle of Chinsurah. They were
 - (a) The Dutch
 - (b) The Danes
 - (c) The Portuguese
 - (d) The French
- 37. The British army defeated Tipu Sultan in a brief but fierce war in 1799 thus putting an end to the ambitions of the Mysore state. In this context, which of the following was/were the consequence(s) of this war?

- 1. All the territories of Mysore were given to the British ally, the Nizam of Hyderabad.
- 2. Mysore was restored to the descendants of the original Rajas from whom Haidar
- 3. Ali seized power.
- 4. Subsidiary alliance was imposed on the new Mysore State.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **38.** Which of the following states accepted the Subsidiary Alliance of the East India Company?
 - 1. Nizam of Hyderabad
 - 2. Nawab of Awadh
 - 3. Holkars of the Maratha confederation Select the correct answer using the code given below
 - (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **39.** In the context of The Danes in India, consider the following statements:
 - 1. They had colonial possessions in Tamil Nadu only.
 - 2. They possessed colonial settlement in India till mid 19th century.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **40.** Consider the following statements regarding an East India Company:
 - 1. It was also known as the United East Indies Company.
 - 2. It built the castle Geldria in Pulicat, Tamil Nadu.

- 3. The company was involved in the slave trade.
- 4. Its agents were responsible for "The Amboyna Massacre".

Which of the following East India Companies is being described by the above given statements?

- (a) Danish East India Company
- (b) French East India Company
- (c) Dutch East India Company
- (d) Portuguese East India Company
- **41.** Who among the following gave a clarion call to the people of India to rise above the narrow confines of their 'Religion Of the Kitchen' and come together in the service of the nation?
 - (a) Henry Louis Vivian Derozio
 - (b) Aurobindo Ghosh
 - (c) Swami Vivekananda
 - (d) Subhash Chandra Bose
- **42.** Consider the following organizations/associations:
 - 1. Bharat Stree Mahamandal
 - 2. Women's Indian Association
 - 3. National Council of Women
 - 4. All India Women's Conference

Which of the following is the correct chronological sequence of the above Women's organizations established in British India?

- (a) 1 2 3 4
- (b) 1 4 3 2
- (c) 4 2 1 3
- (d) 1 3 2 4
- **43.** Which of the following best describes the main reason behind the Ghadar Movement's transition to a more militant stance?
 - (a) Establishment of the Indian National Congress.
 - (b) Komagata Maru incident
 - (c) Outbreak of the Second World War.
 - (d) Delhi Durbar that marked the coronation of King George V
- **44.** Consider the following statements:

- 1. Statement I: Swaraj Party was founded by C.R. Das and Motilal Nehru in the early 1920s for the attainment of swaraj by all legitimate and peaceful means.
- 2. Statement II: Swaraj Party advocated for boycotting the Legislative Councils established by the British.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement- II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement- I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement- II is correct
- **45.** Which of the following is/are correct with reference to judicial reform undertaken by Cornwallis?
 - 1. Judicial reforms introduced under the Cornwallis code were based on the principle of separation of power.
 - 2. Government servants were not answerable to any court for the acts done by them in their official capacity.
 - 3. The reforms of Cornwallis led to exclusion of Indians from the judicial system.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **46.** Consider the following statements with reference to the Anglo-Dutch rivalry:
 - 1. The Anglo-Dutch compromise involved the Dutch withdrawal from the spice islands of Indonesia.
 - 2. The victory of the British in the Battle of Hooghly led to the final collapse of the Dutch in India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **47.** Consider the following statements regarding Anglo Portuguese Treaty of Whitehall. 1661:
 - 1. King Charles II as part of the dowry received Bombay through this treaty when he married Princess Catherine de Braganza of Portugal.
 - 2. It involved a mutual defence pact against the French East India Company.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **48.** Which Indian Naval Ship (INS) is participated in the fourth edition of the Multinational Exercise LA PEROUSE?
 - (a) INS Surat
 - (b) INS Kolkata
 - (c) INS Mumbai
 - (d) INS Vikrant
- **49.** Which among the following was/were the reasons for the decline of Mughal empire?
 - 1. Wars of succession
 - 2. Weaknesses in Mughal military system
 - 3. Recurrent peasant revolts

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **50.** With reference to the Anglo-Maratha struggle for supremacy, arrange the following treaties in chronological order.
 - 1. Treaty of Purandhar

- 2. Treaty of Bassein
- 3. Treaty of Salbai

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1-2-3
- (b) 3-2-1
- (c) 2-3-1
- (d) 1-3-2
- **51.** Consider the following statements regarding the Third battle of Panipat:
 - 1. The Marathas were supported by Rajputs and ruler of Awadh and Punjab in this battle.
 - 2. This battle proved to be a setback for the British ambitions in India and a greatly strengthened the Afghan empire in India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **52.** With reference to the history of modern India, the Chatfield Committee was associated with:
 - (a) Modernizing and streamlining Indian defence.
 - (b) British policy towards Princely states.
 - (c) Reforming Civil Services.
 - (d) Regulating rupee-sterling exchange ratio.
- **53.** Consider the following statements with respect to the Judicial reforms during the tenure of Warren Hastings:
 - 1. Each district was provided with a civil court under the Collector.
 - 2. The interference of pandits and maulvis in the judicial system were prohibited.
 - 3. Sadar Nizamat Adalat was established as the highest Criminal Court of appeal.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(a) 1 and 2 only

- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **54.** Swami Vivekananda and Dayanand Saraswati were both influential Hindu reformers in the 19th century, but their approach differed. Which of the following best reflects this difference?
 - (a) Swami Vivekananda emphasized the importance of Bhakti (devotion) while Dayanand Saraswati focused on Karma (action).
 - (b) Swami Vivekananda advocated for social reform movements while Dayanand Saraswati prioritized spiritual practices.
 - (c) Vivekananda aimed to uplift women and the downtrodden, while Dayanand Saraswati advocated for the preservation of traditional social structures.
 - (d) Vivekananda believed idol worship could be a pathway to understanding the divine, while Dayanand Saraswati rejected it as contrary to Vedic teachings
- **55.** Which of the following statements is not correct about the Civil Disobedience Movement (CDM) started by Mahatma Gandhi in 1930?
 - (a) Resolution to launch the CDM was approved in the Karachi session of Indian National Congress.
 - (b) Gandhiji asked local officials to renounce government employment.
 - (c) Large number of women participation was a notable feature.
 - (d) The movement was suspended as a result of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact.
- **56.** Consider the following statements with respect to the development of education under British rule in India:
 - 1. The Charter Act of 1813 incorporated the principle of encouraging the study of modern sciences in the country.

- 2. Lord Macaulay's minute led to the establishment of the Department of Education in all provinces.
- 3. The mass literacy in India was much better in 1921 than in 1821 due to the British education policies.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **57.** Consider the following pairs with reference to the Revolt of 1857:

Centre: Leader

- 1. Lucknow: Begum Hazrat Mahal
- 2. Kanpur: Nana Sahib
- 3. Bareilly: Kunwar Singh
- 4. Delhi : General Bakht Khan
- 5. Bihar: Khan Bahadur

How many of the pairs given above are correctly matched?

- (a) Only two
- (b) Only three
- (c) Only four
- (d) All five
- **58.** Consider the following events:
 - 1. Kakori Train Dacoity by Ram Prasad Bismil.
 - 2. Throwing bomb at the Central Legislative Assembly by Bhagat Singh.
 - 3. Chittagong Armoury Raid by Surya Sen.

Which of the following is the correct chronological sequence of the above events?

- (a) 1 2 3
- (b) 1 3 2
- (c) 2 1 3
- (d) 2 3 1
- **59.** With reference to advent of the European trading companies in India, consider the following statements:
 - 1. The Dutch established their first factory at Kochi.

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- 2. The English established their first factory at Hooghly.
- 3. The French established their first factory at Masulipatnam.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **60.** Which of the following factors contributed to the decline of Portuguese in India?
 - 1. The rise of the Marathas
 - 2. The religious policies of the Portuguese
 - 3. Rivalries with Britsh and Dutch Companies

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **61.** Farrukh Siyar's Farman is often regarded as the Magna Carta of British Trade in India because it
 - (a) Provided East India Company in Bengal to do trade without any customs duty.
 - (b) Permitted English to establish factory in Surat.
 - (c) Gave competitive edge to British by preventing French from trading in Deccan region.
 - (d) Gave diwani rights and trade monopoly to British in the provinces of Bihar and Orissa.
- **62.** In the context of modern Indian history, the Battle of Porto Novo was related to
 - (a) The First Carnatic War
 - (b) The First Anglo-Maratha War
 - (c) The Second Anglo-Maratha War
 - (d) The Second Anglo-Mysore War

- **63.** Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding Third Anglo Maratha war?
 - 1. The chief reason for this war was the British conflict with the Pindaris.
 - 2. After the war, Maratha confederacy was dissolved and the peshwaship was abolished.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- **64.** Consider the following statements regarding the French East India Company:
 - 1. It was a private trading company.
 - 2. The King of Golconda granted them Pondicherry as a site for their settlement.
 - 3. They signed the Treaty of Ryswick with the Dutch East India Company.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **65.** With reference to trading stations/factories established by various European powers, consider the following pairs:

Location of factory Associated European power

- 1. Shrirampur : Danish
- 2. Chinsura: Dutch
- 3. Chandranagore: French
- 4. Chittagong: Portuguese

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

- **66.** With reference to history of India during the 17th-18th century, consider the following statements regarding Mysore Kingdom:
 - 1. The army in the Mysore Kingdom was organised on a European model through the system of risalas.
 - 2. The land revenue system entailed direct imposition of taxes on the peasants and their collection through salaried officials.
 - 3. A "state commercial corporation" was commissioned to set up factories for engaging in trade.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **67.** With reference to Modern Indian History, Max Muller, William Jones, and Vincent Smith were associated with:
 - (a) British missionaries interested in spread of education
 - (b) British officials associated with Ryotwari tax system
 - (c) British imperialist historians interested in Indology
 - (d) British military officers involved in crushing 1857 revolt
- **68.** With reference to Modern Indian History, consider the following statements:
 - 1. Neel Darpan play was written by Din Bandhu Mitra to portray the oppression by the Indigo planters.
 - 2. Unlike the Eka Movement, which was based almost solely on tenants, the Kisan Sabha Movement included many small zamindars.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- **69.** With reference to Modern Indian history, consider the following statements:
 - 1. The Cabinet Mission accepted the demand for formation of a full-fledged Pakistan.
 - 2. The Congress accepted the provision of transfer of power to more than one Centre as proposed by the Atlee's Statement, 1947.
 - 3. The Mountbatten Plan proposed transfer of power on the basis of Dominion status to two successor states.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **70.** With reference to India's freedom struggle, consider the following pairs:

Freedom fighter : Associated organization/ Event

- 1. Vinayak Damodar Savarkar : Abhinav Bharat Society
- 2. Subhash Chandra Bose : Free Indian Legion
- 3. Pritilata Waddedar : Hindustan Republican Association
- 4. Sachindra Nath Sanyal : Chittagong Armoury Raid

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- (a) Only one pair
- (b) Only two pairs
- (c) Only three pairs
- (d) All four pairs
- 71. Which of the following empires is associated with the Saranjam System?
 - (a) Gupta
 - (b) Imperial Chola
 - (c) Mughal
 - (d) Maratha
- 72. With reference to the Sengol installed in the new Parliament building of India, consider the following statements:

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- 1. Sengol was a symbol of the path of duty, service and nationhood in the Great Chola Empire.
- 2. It is a symbol of India's independence that signifies the transfer of power from the British to = the Indians.
- 3. Dharmachakra is hand-carved at thetop of the Sengol, symbolizing justice.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **73.** In the context of foreign travelers visiting India during the medieval period, consider the following pairs:

Foreign Traveller: Arrived during the reign of

- 1. Ibn Battuta: Muhammad-Bin-Tughlaq
- 2. Jean Baptiste Tavernier: Shahjahan
- 3. François Bernier : Jahangir

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **74.** With reference to Sufism in India, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It advocates interpretation of the Quran on the basis of personal experience rather than scholastic interpretations.
 - 2. It emphasizes seeking salvation through intense devotion and love for God.
 - 3. Nizamuddin Auliya belonged to the Chishti order.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

- 75. Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Statement-I: India continued to remain a dominion between 15th August 1947 and 26th January 1950.
 - 2. Statement-II: Government of India functioned under the provisions of Government of India Act, 1935 from 15th August 1947 to 26th January 1950.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct
- **76.** Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Sree Narayana Guru promoted intercaste marriages to combat caste-based discrimination.
 - 2. He actively supported the Vaikom Satyagraha, which aimed to achieve temple entry rights for oppressed communities.
 - 3. His teachings included the abolition of all forms of religious practices.

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 77. Which of the following challenges does Project VISTAAR aim to address most directly?
 - (a) The lack of mechanization in Indian agriculture
 - (b) Gaps in the dissemination of accurate and timely agricultural information
 - (c) Fragmentation of landholdings across India

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- (d) Post-harvest infrastructure bottlenecks
- 78. Which of the following is the most distinguishing feature of the Open Data Kit (ODK) platform?
 - (a) Support for cloud-based data analysis
 - (b) Integration with blockchain for secure data storage
 - (c) Offline data collection capabilities in remote areas
 - (d) Real-time GPS tracking during data submission
- **79.** Consider the following statements about injectable hydrogels:
 - 1. They are designed to release drugs in response to specific environmental triggers.
 - 2. They improve drug bioavailability at the tumor site.
 - 3. They require continuous external stimuli for drug release.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **80.** Which of the following is not a feature of the Producer Price Index (PPI)?
 - (a) Tracks price changes before goods reach consumers
 - (b) Includes services sector
 - (c) Adheres to the System of National Accounts (SNA)
 - (d) Measures changes in consumer purchasing power
- **81.** Consider the following statements about the Indian National Anthem:
 - 1. It was first sung at the Indian National Congress session in 1927.
 - 2. The Anthem consists of five stanzas, but only the first stanza is officially recognized.

3. The lyrics of the National Anthem include the word "India" in its original composition.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3
- (c) 2 and 3
- (d) 1, 2, and 3
- 82. In December, artesian water flow in Taranagar, Jaisalmer, Rajasthan, revealed unique geological features, dispelling myths like the Saraswati River. Consider the following statements about the artesian condition:
 - 1. Artesian aquifers must have ar overlying impermeable layer.
 - 2. Artesian water always gushes out with high force.
 - 3. Artesian conditions can reveal subsurface hydrogeological structures.

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 83. Which of the following is NOT a feature of the UGC Draft Regulations 2025 for Vice-Chancellor (VC) appointments?
 - (a) Allowing only academic professionals to apply for the post of VC
 - (b) Allowing only academic professionals to apply for the post of VC
 - (c) Emphasizing inclusivity for SC, ST, and OBC candidates
 - (d) Barring non-compliant institutions from UGC funding
- **84.** Consider the following statements about the features of the Organic Fisheries Cluster:
 - 1. It incorporates advanced Biofloc technology for organic fish farming.
 - 2. It is part of the Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY).

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3. It encourages intensive aquaculture practices to maximize yields.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **85.** Which of the following are advanced features of the Indian Customs Electronic Gateway (ICEGATE) platform?
 - 1. Real-time tracking of customs clearance processes.
 - 2. Automatic error correction in trade data.
 - 3. Integration with international customs systems for data sharing.
 - 4. Providing traders with mobile app support for documentation.

Select the correct Solution:

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 2, and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (d) 1, 3, and 4 only
- **86.** Consider the following statements about the Future of Jobs Report, 2025:
 - 1. It is released annually by the World Economic Forum.
 - 2. The report emphasizes the growing demand for sustainability-related jobs.
 - 3. It identifies the gig economy as a key driver of employment growth.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, and 3
- **87.** Consider the following statements regarding the Z-Morh Tunnel's strategic importance?
 - 1. It is critical for the all-weather connectivity of the NH1 Srinagar-Leh Highway.
 - 2. The tunnel bypasses stretches vulnerable to avalanches, ensuring

- uninterrupted civilian and military movement.
- 3. It supports India's Act East Policy by connecting Ladakh to Arunachal Pradesh.

How many of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **88.** Consider the following statements regarding Blue Flag Certification.
 - 1. Statement I: Blue Flag Certification emphasizes the use of renewable energy in beach operations.
 - 2. Statement II: Certification criteria include limiting the number of visitors to reduce environmental impact.

Which of the following are correct?

- (a) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct, and Statement II is the correct explanation for Statement I.
- (b) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct, but Statement II is not the correct explanation for Statement I.
- (c) Statement I is correct, but Statement II is incorrect.
- (d) Statement I is incorrect, but Statement II is correct.
- **89.** Which of the following is a key feature of Mission Mausam?
 - (a) Deployment of advanced weather observation radars and satellites
 - (b) Preservation of ancient maritime trade routes
 - (c) Creation of a unified global climate change treaty
 - (d) Establishment of an exclusive task force for disaster response
- **90.** What is the primary significance of the Purulia Observatory for India's scientific research?
 - (a) It advances India's capabilities in radio astronomy and exoplanet studies.

- (b) It helps integrate India into global networks for transient astronomical observations.
- (c) It enables satellite tracking and space debris monitoring.
- (d) It provides a unique facility for studying the Earth's magnetosphere.
- **91.** Consider the following statements about the PKC River Link Project:
 - 1. It diverts water exclusively for drinking water supply.
 - 2. It completely avoids any impact on wildlife habitats.
 - 3. It is a transboundary project involving India and Bangladesh.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **92.** Which of the following features makes Ranthambore Tiger Reserve unique among India's tiger reserves?
 - (a) It contains the Great Boundary Fault, where the Aravalis meet the Vindhyas.
 - (b) It is located at the confluence of two major river systems.
 - (c) It is the only tiger reserve in India with a saline lake ecosystem.
 - (d) It is home to the largest population of Royal Bengal Tigers in India.
- **93.** Consider the following statements about rat-hole mining:
 - 1. It is primarily conducted in the Western Ghats region of India.
 - 2. Modern machinery is used extensively to improve efficiency.
 - 3. It is considered a sustainable method of coal extraction.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three

- (d) None
- **94.** Consider the following statements about Mission Mausam:
 - 1. It focuses on reviving ancient maritime networks in the Indian Ocean region.
 - 2. It is led by the Ministry of Tourism to promote cultural exchange.
 - 3. It includes provisions for a dedicated disaster response unit under the Ministry of Earth Sciences.

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- **95.** Which of the following factors makes a planet parade visible from Earth?
 - (a) The planets align perfectly in a straight line in space.
 - (b) The Earth's axial tilt allows all planets to appear simultaneously.
 - (c) The gravitational forces between planets bring them closer together.
 - (d) Planets are on the same side of the Sun and appear along the ecliptic plane.
- **96.** The Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna Award is given for which of the following criteria?
 - (a) Lifetime contribution to sports
 - (b) Outstanding performance at the state and national levels
 - (c) Exceptional international performance over a continuous four-year period
 - (d) Popularity and public votes for achievements in sports
- **97.** The Kuka Rebellion was unique among 19th-century uprisings in India due to its:
 - (a) Focus on modern technology to counter British forces
 - (b) Emphasis on religious reform alongside political resistance

- (c) Collaboration with European powers to overthrow British rule
- (d) Strong support from princely states aligned with the British
- **98.** Which of the following are features of the SVAMITVA Scheme?
 - 1. The scheme uses drone technology for property mapping.
 - 2. It aims to integrate Gram Panchayat Development Plans (GPDP) with property records.
 - 3. The property cards issued are legally binding documents.
 - 4. It covers both urban and rural areas for property mapping.

How many of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four
- **99.** Which of the following statements regarding a planet parade are correct?
 - 1. Planet parades provide opportunities to study planetary atmospheres using reflected light.
 - 2. They are recurring phenomena, occurring approximately every 100 years.
 - 3. The visibility of planets in a parade depends on their distance from Earth and the Sun.
 - 4. Planet parades influence tidal forces on Earth, leading to extreme weather events.

Select the correct answer code:

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3, and 4 only
- (d) All four
- **100.** Consider the following statements about the Global Cybersecurity Outlook 2025:
 - 1. The report identifies Africa as the region with the highest confidence in cybersecurity resilience.

- 2. It highlights that smaller organizations face significantly more cyber security challenges compared to larger organizations.
- 3. The workforce gap in cybersecurity is a major challenge, especially for the public sector.

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None